## The Balancing Act

1	Answer the following questions as true or false based on your previous knowledge of Chemistry to date.
	<ol> <li>Chemistry is an international language</li> <li>Chemical reactions can be represented by word equations only.</li> <li>The amount of matter before the reaction and after the reaction can be different</li> <li>The compounds used to begin the reaction are called reactants</li> <li>After the reaction is complete, products are left.</li> <li>If there is an imbalance between the number of molecules on the left and right side of the equation, you can change the chemical formulas.</li> <li>A balanced chemical equation is when the reactants and products contain equal numbers of atoms of each type.</li> <li>A skeleton equation is a representation of a reaction using words.</li> <li>The first step in balancing an equation is to write out the full equation.</li> <li>We can describe chemical reactions in symbolic form.</li> </ol>
	Balancing Chemical Reactions
	On a Separate Piece of Paper, Balance the following reactions:
	1. $HgO \rightarrow Hg + O_2$
	2. $H_2O \rightarrow H_2 + O_2$
(	3. Al + Pb(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> $\Rightarrow$ Al(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> + Pb
	4. $Cu + AgNO_3 \rightarrow Cu(NO_3)_2 + Ag$
	5. $K + H_2O \rightarrow KOH + H_2$
	6. $MnO_2 + HCl \rightarrow MnCl_2 + Cl_2 + H_2O$
	7. $Cl_2 + LiI \rightarrow LiCl + I_2$
	8. $F_2 + H_2O \rightarrow HF + O_3$
	9. $AgNO_3 + K_2SO_4 \rightarrow Ag_2SO_4 + KNO_3$
	10. $N_1 + HCl \rightarrow N_1Cl + H_2$
	11. $Ca(OH)_2 + HCI \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_2O$
	12. $Cl_2 + NaBr \rightarrow Br_2 + NaCl$
	13. $Cr_2O_3 \rightarrow Cr + O_2$
	14. Fe + HCl $\rightarrow$ FeCl <sub>3</sub> + H <sub>2</sub>
	15. $C_3H_6 + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$
	$16. P_4 + F_2 \rightarrow PF_3$
	17. $Ca(NO_3)_2 + KOH \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + KNO_3$
	18. KHCO <sub>3</sub> $\rightarrow$ K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O + CO <sub>2</sub>
,	19. $H_3PO_4 + NaOH \rightarrow Na_3PO_4 + H_2O$
	20. $Ca(NO_3)_2 + Na_3PO_4 \Rightarrow Ca_3(PO_4)_2 + NaNO_3$
~	21. $Cu + HNO_3 \rightarrow Cu(NO_3)_2 + NO_2 + H_2O$

22.  $Sn + KOH \rightarrow K_2SnO_2 + H_2$ 

23.  $SiF_4 + H_2O \rightarrow H_2SiF_6 + H_2SiO_3$ 

## Blackline Master 6.5c

## Balancing Equations Worksheet

## A. Balance the following equations.

1. Na + 
$$0_2 \rightarrow Na_2O$$

2. K + 
$$Cl_2 \rightarrow KCI$$

3. Al + 
$$Br_2 \rightarrow AlBr_3$$

4. Li + S 
$$\rightarrow$$
 Li<sub>2</sub>S

5. Mg + 
$$N_2 \rightarrow Mg_3N_2$$

6. Na + 
$$H_2O \rightarrow NaOH + H_2$$

7. 
$$0_3 \rightarrow 0_5$$

8. 
$$Al_2O_3 \xrightarrow{\cdot} Al + O_2$$

9. 
$$P_4$$
 +  $O_2$   $\rightarrow$   $P_4O_{10}$ 

10. FeS<sub>2</sub> + 
$$O_2$$
  $\rightarrow$  Fe<sub>2</sub> $O_3$  +  $SO_2$ 

B. Write and balance the following word equations.

- iron + oxygen → iron(III) oxide
- 2.  $nitrogen + hydrogen \rightarrow ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>)$
- 3. barium chloride + magnesium sulfate ightarrow barium sulfate + magnesium chloride